**RE in The Acorn Federation**

RE teaching follows the guidance and planning from the Derbyshire Agreed Syllabus and Understanding Christianity.

**EYFS and KS1 Curriculum Overview**

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|  | **EYFS** | **Year A** | **Year B** |
| **Autumn 1** | F5 Being special: where do we belong? | 1.7 What does it mean to belong to a faith community? | 1.2 Who is a Muslim and what do they believe? |
| **Autumn 2** | UC F2 Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas? | UC 1.1 What do Christians believe God is like? | UC 1.3 Why does Christmas matter to Christians? |
| **Spring 3** | UC F1 Why is the word ‘God’ so important to Christians? | 1.3 Who is Jewish and what do they believe? | 1.4 What can we learn from sacred books? |
| **Spring 4** | UC F3 Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter Garden? | UC 1.5 Why does Easter matter to Christians? | 1.6 How & why do we celebrate special and sacred times? (Easter) |
| **Summer 5** | F3 What places are special and why? | UC 1.2 Who do Christians say made the world? | UC 1.4 What is the ‘good news’ Christians believe Jesus brings? |
| **Summer 6** | F1 What times/stories are special and why? | 1.8 How should we care for the world and for others, and why does it matter? | 1.5 What makes some places sacred? |

**RE in EYFS**

RE is statutory for all pupils registered on the school roll. In the EYFS Curriculum, learning is play- and child-centred to develop interest and curiosity.

The Agreed Syllabus for RE sets out experiences and opportunities and appropriate topics for children in the Foundation Stage. These connect to Personal, Social and Emotional Development and Understanding the World. Understanding Christianity units are also included to strengthen the children’s learning about Christmas, Easter and God. All of these units are built on further in Key Stage 1.

The children in EYFS encounter religions and worldviews through special people, stories, times, places and objects and by visiting places of worship. They are introduced to subject specific words and use all their senses to explore beliefs, practices and forms of expression. They learn to ask questions and reflect on their own feelings and experiences. They use their imagination and curiosity to develop their appreciation of and wonder at the world in which they live.

**RE in Key Stage 1**

The Acorn Federation Curriculum Overview is based on the Derbyshire Agreed Syllabus example long-term plan, adapted for our mixed age schools and strengthened by Understanding Christianity units. Units in Key Stage 1 provide the building blocks for the learning to take place in Key Stage 2.

In KS1, pupils develop their knowledge and understanding of religions and worldviews in local and national contexts. They develop confidence in using basic RE vocabulary. During this key stage, pupils learn about Christians, Jewish and Muslim people. Pupils also encounter other religions and worldviews in thematic units. By covering three religions children are prepared for learning in KS2.

**Key Stage 2 Curriculum Overview**

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| Term | Year A (2022/23) | | Year B (2023/24) | Year C (2024/25) | Year D (2025/26) |
| Autumn 1 | UC L2a.2 What is it like for someone to follow God? PEOPLE OF GOD | | UC L2a.4 What Kind of a World Did Jesus Want? GOSPEL | UC L2a.1 What do Christians learn from the Creation story? CREATION | UC L2a.3 What is the ‘Trinity’ and why is it important for Christians? INCARNATION/GOD |
| HARVEST CELEBRATION | | | | | |
| Autumn 2 | U2.7 What matters most to Humanists and Christians? | | UC U2b.1 What does it mean if Christians believe God is holy and loving? GOD | L2.8 What does it mean to be Hindu in Britain today? | |  | | --- | | U2.6 What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today? | |
|  | | ADVENT and CHRISTMAS STORY (C) | | | |
| Spring 1 | U2.4 If God is everywhere, why go to a place of worship? | | L2.2 Why is the Bible so important for Christians today? | L2.7 What does it mean to be a Christian in Britain today? | UC U2b.5 Christians and how to live: ‘What would Jesus do? |
| Spring 2 | |  | | --- | | U2.1 Why do some people believe God exists? | | | L2.5 Why are festivals important to religious communities? | UC L2a.5 Why do Christians call the day Jesus died ‘Good Friday’? SALVATION | UC U2b.6 What do Christians believe Jesus did to ‘save’ people? SALVATION |
|  | | LENT and EASTER STORY (C) | | | |
| Summer 1 | UC L2a.6 For Christians, when Jesus left, what was the impact of Pentecost? KINGDOM OF GOD | | UC U2b.4 Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah? INCARNATION | L2.1: What do different people believe about God? | L2.6 Why do some people think that life is a journey and what significant experiences mark this? |
|  | | PENTECOST (C) | | | |
| Summer 2 | U2.5 Is it better to express your belief in arts and architecture or in charity and generosity? | | U2.3 What do religions say to people when life gets hard? | L2.9 What can we learn from religions about deciding what is right and wrong? | L2.4 Why do people pray? |

**RE in Key Stage 2**

Pupils extend their knowledge and understanding of religions and worldviews, recognising local, national and global contexts. They are introduced to an extended range of sources and RE vocabulary in each unit. They are encouraged to ask increasingly challenging questions about religion, belief, values and human life. Pupils learn to express their own ideas, finding relevant information, selecting examples and giving reasons to support their ideas and views.

The KS2 Curriculum Overview is again based on best practice from Derbyshire Agreed Syllabus example plans, adapted for our mixed-age schools and strengthened by Understanding Christianity units. The 4-year programme includes learning about Christian, Jewish and Muslim people, also introducing a focus on Hindu people, not studied in depth in KS1. It also covers non-religious beliefs.

Each year starts with a systematic unit designed to promote understanding of underpinning Christian principles/ beliefs. This is built on by units focusing on individual religions and also thematic units, drawing on and building on work done in KS1 and earlier in the cycle. Understanding Christianity concepts have been chosen to strengthen knowledge of the Christian calendar, e.g. Christmas, Easter and Pentecost.

Units designed for LKS2 include “Exceeding” or “Digging Deeper” knowledge to challenge UKS2, while units designed for UKS2 include “Emerging” or “Core” learning, appropriately differentiated for LKS2.